

U.S. Pat. App. No. 10/556,232

Client/Matter No. 11336-1204 (P03088US)

PROPOSED CLAIMSRECEIVED
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FEB 11 2009**The claims are:**

1. (original) Method for enhancing communication in a noisy environment comprising:

receiving input signals emanating from at least two microphone arrays each comprising at least two microphones, processing the input signals of each microphone array by a beamformer to determine temporal and spatial information about the input signals of each microphone array.

2. (original) Method according to claim 1, wherein processing the input signals of each microphone array comprises processing by a wanted signal beamformer to obtain a wanted signal and by a blocking beamformer to obtain a blocking signal, preferably wherein the wanted signal beamformer is an adaptive beamformer.

3. (original) Method according to claim 2, wherein processing the input signals of each microphone array further comprises deciding whether a signal is transmitted from a wanted signal direction, wherein the wanted signal beamformer is an adaptive beamformer being adapted only if no signal is transmitted from the wanted signal direction.

4. (original) Method according to claim 3, wherein deciding comprises determining a wanted signal power and a blocking signal power, wherein the wanted signal beamformer is adapted only if the blocking signal power is larger than a predetermined constant times the wanted signal power.

5. (original) Method according to one of the preceding claims, further comprising detecting speech activity for each microphone array.

6. (original) Method according to claim 5, wherein detecting speech activity for a microphone array comprises:

U.S. Pat. App. No. 10/556,232 Client/Matter No. 11336-1204 (P03088US)

determining a wanted signal power, a blocking signal power, and a background noise signal power, comparing the wanted signal power with the blocking signal power and the background noise signal power.

7. (original) Method according to claim 6, further comprising comparing the wanted signal powers of at least two microphone arrays and determining a highest power.

8. (previously presented) Method according to claim 5, further comprising applying an attenuation to the processed input signals of a microphone array if no speech activity is detected for the microphone array.

9. (original) Method according to claim 8, wherein applying the attenuation is performed adaptively, preferably by varying the attenuation in predetermined time steps between zero attenuation and a predetermined maximum attenuation.

10. (previously presented) Method according to claim 1, wherein processing comprises determining a gain control of the input signals for each microphone array.

11. (original) Method according to claim 10, wherein determining a gain control is performed adaptively.

12. (previously presented) Method according to claim 1, further comprising selecting at least one output channel out of at least two output channels on which the processed signals are to be output.

13. (original) Method according to claim 12, wherein selecting the at least one output channel comprises determining an amplification for each selected output channel.

U.S. Pat. App. No. 10/556,232 Client/Matter No. 11336-1204 (P03088US)

14. (previously presented) Computer program product directly loadable into an internal memory of a digital computer, comprising software code portions for performing the steps of the method according to claim 1.

15. (previously presented) Computer program product stored on a medium readable by a computer system, comprising computer readable program means for causing a computer to perform the steps of the method according to claim 1.

16. (previously presented) Communication system comprising:
at least two microphone arrays each comprising at least two microphones to produce microphone signals,
at least one analog/digital converter having an input for receiving said microphone signals and an output for providing digital microphone signals,
digital signal processing means having an input for receiving the digital microphone signals, being configured to process the digital microphone signals of each microphone array by a beamformer to determine temporal and spatial information about the microphone signals of each microphone array, and having an output to provide processed output signals to at least two loudspeakers,
where the digital signal processing means is further configured to detect speech activity through each microphone array, and
where the digital signal processing means is further configured to determine and apply an attenuation to the processed digital microphone signals of one of the microphone arrays if no speech activity is detected by that microphone array.

17-18. (cancelled)

19. (previously presented) Communication system according to claim 16, wherein the digital signal processing means is further configured to select at least one loudspeaker out of the at least two loudspeakers on which the processed signals are to be output.

U.S. Pat. App. No. 10/556,232 Client/Matter No. 11336-1204 (P03088US)

20. (previously presented) Vehicular cabin comprising a communication system according to one of the claims 16 or 19 and at least two loudspeakers, wherein each microphone array and each loudspeaker is associated with a passenger seat.

21. (previously presented) Communication system comprising:
multiple microphone arrays each comprising multiple microphones to produce signals corresponding to aural content;
at least one analog/digital converter having an input for receiving said signals and an output for providing respective digital signals; and
digital signal processing means having an input for receiving the digital signals, being configured to process the digital signals of each microphone array by a beamformer to determine temporal and spatial information about the signals of each microphone array, and having an output to provide processed output signals to at least two loudspeakers.

22. (previously presented) The communication system according to claim 21, where the spatial information includes spatial information about a plurality of signal sources.

23. (previously presented) The communication system according to claim 21, where the digital processing means is further configured to detect an overdrive that reduces feedback effects.

24. (new) A method for enhancing communication in a noisy environment comprising:

receiving input signals emanating from at least two microphone arrays each comprising at least two microphones; and
processing the input signals of each microphone array by an adaptive wanted signal beamformer and a blocking beamformer, the processing comprising:

determining temporal and spatial information about the input

U.S. Pat. App. No. 10/556,232 Client/Matter No. 11336-1204 (P03088US)

signals of each microphone array;

obtaining a wanted signal from the adaptive wanted signal beamformer;

obtaining a blocking signal from the blocking beamformer; and

deciding whether a signal is transmitted from a wanted signal direction, the deciding comprising:

determining a wanted signal power; and

determining a blocking signal power,

wherein the adaptive wanted signal beamformer is adapted only if no signal is transmitted from the wanted signal direction, which is determined as when the blocking signal power is larger than a predetermined constant times the wanted signal power.

25. (new) The method of claim 24, further comprising detecting speech activity for each microphone array.

26. (new) The method of claim 25, wherein detecting speech activity for a microphone array comprises:

determining a wanted signal power, a blocking signal power, and a background noise signal power, comparing the wanted signal power with the blocking signal power and the background noise signal power.

27. (new) The method of claim 26, further comprising comparing the wanted signal powers of at least two microphone arrays and determining a highest power.

28. (new) The method of claim 25, further comprising applying an attenuation to the processed input signals of a microphone array if no speech activity is detected for the microphone array.

U.S. Pat. App. No. 10/556,232 Client/Matter No. 11336-1204 (P03088US)

29. (new) The method of claim 28, wherein applying the attenuation is performed adaptively, preferably by varying the attenuation in predetermined time steps between zero attenuation and a predetermined maximum attenuation.

30. (new) The method of claim 24, wherein processing comprises determining a gain control of the input signals for each microphone array.

31. (new) The method of claim 30, wherein determining a gain control is performed adaptively.

32. (new) The method of claim 24, further comprising selecting at least one output channel out of at least two output channels on which the processed signals are to be output.

33. (new) The method of claim 32, wherein selecting the at least one output channel comprises determining an amplification for each selected output channel.

34. (new) A communication system comprising:

at least two microphone arrays each comprising at least two microphones to produce microphone signals;

at least one analog/digital converter having an input for receiving said microphone signals and an output for providing digital microphone signals;

a digital signal processor having an input for receiving the digital microphone signals, the digital signal processor configured to:

process the digital microphone signals of each microphone array by an adaptive wanted signal beamformer and a blocking beamformer, the processing comprising:

determining temporal and spatial information about the microphone signals of each microphone array;

obtaining a wanted signal from the adaptive wanted signal beamformer;

U.S. Pat. App. No. 10/556,232

Client/Matter No. 11336-1204 (P03088US)

obtaining a blocking signal from the blocking beamformer;
and

deciding whether a signal is transmitted from a wanted
signal direction, the deciding comprising:

determining a wanted signal power; and

determining a blocking signal power,

wherein the adaptive wanted signal beamformer is
adapted only if no signal is transmitted from the wanted signal direction, which is
determined as when the blocking signal power is larger than a predetermined
constant times the wanted signal power; and

provide processed output signals to at least two loudspeakers.

35. (new) The communication system of claim 16, wherein the digital signal processor is further configured to select at least one loudspeaker out of the at least two loudspeakers on which the processed signals are to be output.

36. (new) A vehicular cabin comprising a communication system according to claim 34 and at least two loudspeakers, wherein each microphone array and each loudspeaker is associated with a passenger seat.